Division of Regulation and Licensure Update Statewide Public Health Meeting August 29-30, 2018

• The Missouri Overdose Rescue and Education (MORE) project seeks to reduce opioid-involved deaths in Missouri through training, education, and distribution of naloxone to non-ambulance based first responders in rural regions of the state. The Bureau of Emergency Medical Services within DHSS has MOUs in place with 79 LPHAs, who act as distribution points across the State, in order to get naloxone into the hands of first response agencies quickly. Thank you for your willingness to participate.

The MORE project has resulted in over 192 agencies receiving training on naloxone and 2,500 doses of naloxone being distributed to more than 1,100 first responders statewide. Last month, four overdose victims were administered naloxone by first responders affiliated with MORE and in all four cases the medication was successful in reversing the symptoms of the overdose.

As word of the project spreads, the Department continues to receive new requests for training and naloxone from first response agencies across the State. In the future, the Department will utilize data to better target high need areas and provide online training available.

• The Section for Long-term Care Regulation will be hosting annual provider meetings throughout the state during the month of October. Agenda highlights for these meetings include presentations on protective oversight, a session on the opioid crisis from staff with NCADA, an overview of the Ombudsman program, a review of complaint findings/numbers, and a discussion on the new CMS survey process after the first year. Dates and locations can be found at the following link:

https://ltc.health.mo.gov/archives/12813

For the latest information on happenings in the long-term care industry, please subscribe to our weekly LTC information Update email list at:

http://ow.ly/cEB830lj9Ji.

• The Section for Child Care Regulation is implementing a portion of HB1350 which will become effective August 28, 2018. For the Division of Regulation and Licensure, there was a significant change affecting the licensure of child care providers. The statute requires child care staff members, which includes all regulated (licensed and license-exempt) child care providers, persons employed by the child care provider for compensation, including contract employees or self-employed individuals; individuals or volunteers whose activities involve the care or supervision of children for a child care provider or unsupervised access to children who are cared for or supervised by a child care provider; or individuals residing in a family child care home who are age seventeen (17) and older to undergo criminal background checks and every five (5) years thereafter and an annual check of the central registry for child abuse in order to qualify for receipt of state or federal funds for providing child-care services.

- The Missouri Health Facilities Review Committee (MHFRC) will hold their next Certificate of Need meeting at the Capitol on September 10. The goal of the MHFRC is to achieve the highest level of health for Missourians through cost containment, reasonable access, and public accountability. The MHFRC meets to approve or disapprove applications for projects related to the building or expansion of new long term care facilities, construction of new hospitals, or equipment purchases that surpass certain thresholds. These meetings are open to the public.
- The next Board of Nursing Home Administrators (BNHA) meeting will be held October 24, 2018. The purpose of the BNHA is to protect and advocate for Missouri's long-term care residents by licensing prospective and current long-term care administrators to ensure the highest quality of care and life in Missouri's long-term care homes. A long-term care administrator is someone who administers, manages, supervises, or is in general administrative charge of a long-term care facility.